# NE Tibet, 18-30 Oct 2012:

An at-a-glance list of 159 species of birds & 23 species of mammals.

By Jesper Hornskov \*\*\*this draft 6 Jan 2013\*\*\* ALL RIGHTS RESERVED®

<u>Please note that the following list is best considered a work in progress. It should not be quoted without consulting the author.</u>

Based mostly on my own field notes, this brief write-up covers birds & mammals noted by P Benstead (Greentours), J Blincow, S Da Prato, A Hawkins, M & P Henriksson & myself during the 2012 Greentours (<u>www.Greentours.co.uk</u>) visit to China's Qinghai province.

The birds, the mammals, the unbeatable scenery, an intriguing mix of local cultures, wonderful food, mostly comfortable accommodations & (not least) the companionship all came together to produce a trip the more memorable for the region being so under-visited by naturalists.

Our trip was timed to maximize chances of seeing the unique mammals of the Tibetan highlands before pressing on to Sichuan in search of e g Red Panda *Ailurus fulgens*. In the field there was no real conflict between mammal- and birdwatching, but the relatively late dates meant that some breeders had already departed for their winter quarters. Likewise, the bulk of the Siberian passage migrants, notably waders, had gone through already. No matter: all the key endemics are residents, and the lateness of the season clearly had its advantages – we saw some of the specialities better and/or in far greater numbers than we would have in summer, and as a bonus turned up quite a few surprises.

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In the species list the concept "bird-days" is used - it is the avian equivalent of man-hours, the day totals added up – it indicates relative abundance but does not consider the "problem" of lingering birds or, important in a non-scientific context such as a natural history holiday abroad, how satisfying the encounters were. 25 bird-days for e.g. Spoon-billed Sandpiper could be one distant flock of migrating birds, gone in a flash, or one bird lingering for 25 days, offering the observers point-blank views anytime in that period...

The sequence of the mammal list follows "A Guide to the Mammals of China", Smith & Xie (ed.) 2008, while in the list of bird highlights I have followed The Howard and Moore Complete Checklist of the Birds of the World –  $3^{rd}$  Edition (Dickinson 2003), in my opinion by far the most useful one-volume checklist to date.

Initials in brackets after a few single-observer sightings does not imply that I have doubts as to the correctness of the ID!

# **Species list**:

#### Severtzov's Hazel Grouse Tetrastes sewerzowi

Four (a covey of three which cooperated reasonably well, and one heard wing-flapping) on 18<sup>th</sup>.

#### Przevalski's Partridge Alectoris magna

Three near Chaka on 30<sup>th</sup>.

#### Daurian Partridge Perdix dauurica

Nine [JB, JH] near Dulan on 29<sup>th</sup>.

#### Tibetan Partridge Perdix hodgsoniae

Two somewhat against the odds remained heard-onlies S of Yushu on 25<sup>th</sup>.

#### White Eared Pheasant Crossoptilon crossoptilon

<u>39</u> offered 'as-long-as-we-could-be-bothered' 'scope views on  $25^{th}$  – no fewer than 33 in a covey emerging onto a hillside covered in a thin layer of snow, shaking their feathers, sitting up to sun themselves, and emitting the occasional sequence of braying calls was a sight never to be forgotten!

#### **Common Pheasant** *Phasanius colchicus*

Six together en route to Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Cheng (1987) listed no fewer than 18 races for mainland China. Of these he listed just three for Qinghai: *vlangalii*, *strauchi* (for 'NE part') & *suehschanensis* as an accidental to Zekog in SE.

#### Greylag Goose Anser anser

220 at Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>.

#### Bar-headed Goose Anser indicus

c3,075 bird-days. Noted on five dates...seeing <u>2,390</u> on 24<sup>th</sup> (mostly packed together near the road, in beautiful light, the water steaming as energy was being sucked away into the bright morning, allowing the ice to advance imperceptibly in a process that would soon enough force the geese to flee) was a fine way to start the day.

#### \*\*\*Goose sp Anser sp

One seen heading S on 24<sup>th</sup> – *NOT a Bar-headed but ID prevented by eyes watering…* \*\*\*Realistic possibilities include Bean Goose *Anser fabalis…* It certainly wasn't, say, a Snow Goose *Anser caerulescens* or a Red-breasted Goose *Branta ruficollis*!

#### Whooper Swan Cygnus cygnus

Two adults at Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>.

# Ruddy Shelduck Tadorna ferruginea

c2,975 bird-days. Noted on seven dates.

#### Gadwall Anas strepera

32+ bird-days. Noted on two dates.

# Mallard Anas platyrhynchos 320+ bird-days. Noted on two dates.

**Chinese Spotbill** Anas zonorhyncha Six at Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>. Northern Shoveler Anas clypeata 30 bird-days. Noted on two dates.

**Northern Pintail** Anas acuta 359+ bird-days. Noted on four dates.

**Baikal Teal** Anas formosa One seen reasonably well (and photographed) at Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>. \*\*\*Possibly only the 4<sup>th</sup> record for Tibet.

**Common Teal** Anas crecca 1,975+ bird-days. Noted on three dates.

Red-crested Pochard Netta rufina

1,100 at Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Common Pochard** Aythya ferina One at Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Ferruginous Duck** Aythya nyroca

c510 bird-days. Noted on four dates. It was amazing to see a concentration of no fewer than <u>485</u> on 26<sup>th</sup>.

**Tufted Duck** *Aythya fuligula* 75 bird-days. Noted on three dates.

**Common Goldeneye** Bucephala clangula 24 at Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Goosander** *Mergus merganser* 29 bird-days. Noted on four dates.

\*\*\***Duck sp** 500+ on 24<sup>th</sup>.

**Great Crested Grebe** Podiceps cristatus c30 bird-days. Noted on two dates.

Black-necked Grebe Podiceps nigricollis 41 at Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Black Stork** *Ciconia nigra* One en route to Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Eurasian Spoonbill** *Platalea leucorodia* One adult w/ one 1<sup>st</sup> c-y arriving from W at Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>.

Black-crowned Night Heron Nycticorax nycticorax One on 29<sup>th</sup>.

**Grey Heron** Ardea cinerea Seven bird-days. Noted on two dates.

**Great Egret** Ardea alba

Singletons on two dates.

#### Great Cormorant Phalacrocorax carbo

73+ bird-days. Noted on just two dates.

#### **Common Kestrel** Falco tinnunculus

25 bird-days. Noted on nine dates.

**Merlin** Falco columbarius Singles were seen on 22<sup>nd</sup> & 28<sup>th</sup>.

#### Saker Falco cherrug

50 bird-days. Noted on no fewer than nine dates - for most of us a most welcome opportunity to familiarize ourselves with a species which is declining globally: not many trips allow you to graduate to full Saker Expert status in a fortnight!

#### Black Kite Milvus migrans lineatus

A 2<sup>nd</sup>+ c-y bird low overhead on 28<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*An exceptionally late bird – previous latest autumn date for Qinghai was 6 Oct (JH pers. obs.)

#### White-tailed Eagle Haliaeetus albicilla

Four bird-days. Noted on the high plateau on three dates: a single adult seen both on 22+23<sup>rd</sup> & two (an adult & an unaged bird) on 24<sup>th</sup>.

#### Lammergeier Gypaetus barbatus

23 bird-days. Noted on eight dates... a top Dreambird, this emblematic species was not at all devalued by several superb encounters (which included seven together on 25<sup>th</sup> - three adults, three immatures & one mint condition 1<sup>st</sup> c-y - all giving superb views as they flew by and/or landed at a carcass across the valley a bit upstream from where we were enjoying an afternoon cup of coffee next to the cars).

#### Himalayan Griffon Gyps himalayensis

175 bird-days. Noted on 12 dates.

#### Black Vulture Aegypius monachus

14+ bird-days. Noted on three dates.

Hen Harrier Circus cyaneus

Six bird-days. Noted on five dates – only one was an adult male.

#### Eurasian Sparrowhawk Accipiter nisus

Ten bird-days. Noted on seven dates.

#### Northern Goshawk Accipiter gentilis

Singles were noted on two dates.

#### Himalayan Buzzard Buteo burmanicus

Two on 18<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Formerly considered a race of Common Buzzard *B. buteo* but genetically closer to Upland Buzzard *B. hemilasius* (Rasmussen & Anderton 2005) from which it is ecologically separated & easily - well, fairly easily! - distinguished...

#### Upland Buzzard Buteo hemilasius

200 bird-days. Noted on nine dates.

#### Greater Spotted Eagle Aquila clanga

One distantly N of Xining on 18<sup>th</sup>...

#### **Steppe Eagle** Aquila nipalensis

41 bird-days. Noted on five dates – main event 25 on 26<sup>th</sup>, of which no fewer than 15 at one stop!

#### Eastern Imperial Eagle Aquila heliaca

Seven bird-days. Noted on three dates – there were three at the 15-Steppe-Eagles-stop on 26<sup>th</sup>!

#### Golden Eagle Aquila chrysaetos

Eight bird-days. Noted on six dates.

#### \*\*\***Eagle sp** Aquila sp

Seven bird-days. Main event five mostly on the ground on 27<sup>th</sup>... to be on the safe side, some eagles which were almost certainly Steppe were recorded as unidentified.

#### Little Crake Porzana parva

One heard calling & seen poorly [JH] at Golmud on 28<sup>th</sup>. \*\*\*Apparently a 1<sup>st</sup> for Tibet: the species was listed only for W & N Xinjiang by Zheng *et al.* (2005).

#### Common Coot Fulica atra

1,075+ bird-days. Noted on three dates – main event 1,050+ at Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>.

#### Black-necked Crane Grus nigricollis

99 bird-days. Noted on four dates – outstanding views of a pair w/ two juveniles on a snow-covered bit of marshy ground on 24<sup>th</sup>...

\*\*\*This hardy yet Vulnerable (<u>http://www.iucnredlist.org/apps/redlist/details/143783/0</u>) Tibetan Plateau endemic breeder was one of the most hoped-for species!

#### Ibisbill Ibidorhyncha struthersii

Nine bird-days. Noted on two dates – eight together 'at the last moment' on 25<sup>th</sup> was a superb find by Car Two!

#### Northern Lapwing Vanellus vanellus

Ten at Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>.

#### Pacific Golden Plover Pluvialis fulva

Seven 1<sup>st</sup> c-y birds on 19<sup>th</sup>, 'skidding on ice, something birdwatchers don't often see as a) the species tends to be gone by the time lakes ice over, and b) birdwatchers tend not to bother visiting iced-over lakes'.

#### Common Snipe Gallinago gallinago

one [AH – white trailing edge to wing seen, eliminating the also-possible Solitary Snipe G. solitaria] on  $19^{\text{th}}$ .

#### Spotted Redshank Tringa erythropus

30 at Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Common Redshank** *Tringa totanus* One at Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>.

# Common Greenshank Tringa nebularia

Two at Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>.

#### Green Sandpiper Tringa ochropus

Two [PB et al.] at Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Great Black-headed Gull** Larus ichthyaetus 184+ bird-days. Noted on four dates.

**Brown-headed Gull** Larus brunnicephalus 126 bird-days. Noted on seven dates.

**Common Black-headed Gull** Larus ridibundus 20 at Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>.

#### Tibetan Sandgrouse Syrrhaptes thibetana

A flock of 13 flew upstream along the far side of the river on 28<sup>th</sup> – for most of us, at best: BVD!

#### Pallas' Sandgrouse Syrrhaptes paradoxus

76 on the windy morning of 21<sup>st</sup>, incl a flock of 55 scrutinized on the ground... AND photographed! \*\*\*Essentially a bird of the steppes of Central Asia east to Mongolia, its occasional irruptions – during which it has reached and reared young in both Britain & Scandinavia – adds considerably to its charisma, ensuring it a place near the top of the Must-see Palearctic Dreambird priority list.

#### Blue Hill Pigeon Columba rupestris

c95 bird-days. Noted on five dates – on 30<sup>th</sup>, a flock of 18 flying alongside the car in early morning light was a sight to remember...

#### Oriental Turtle Dove Streptopelia orientalis

One 1<sup>st</sup> c-y *meena* seen well on 29<sup>th</sup>.

- **Eurasian Collared Dove** Streptopelia decaocto c52 bird-days. Noted on four dates.
- **Little Owl** Athene noctua One hunting @ rocks at c4500m, landing a couple of times, on 22<sup>nd</sup>.

Long-eared Owl Asio otus

One on 19<sup>th</sup>.

- **Common Kingfisher** Alcedo atthis One [JB, PB] on 29<sup>th</sup> – a very scarce species in Tibet!
- **Hoopoe** Upupa epops A late migrant on 25<sup>th</sup>.
- **Great Spotted Woodpecker** Dendrocopos major Five bird-days. Noted on three dates.

#### Black Woodpecker Dryocopus martius

One flying around across the valley on 18<sup>th</sup>, picked up by chance when scanning the hillsides for mammals.

#### Grey-headed Woodpecker Picus canus

One heard on 18<sup>th</sup>.

#### Chinese Grey Shrike Lanius sphenocercus

Singles noted on three dates.

#### Tibetan Grey Shrike Lanius (s.) giganteus

One 'scoped as it sat up singing on 19<sup>th</sup>: TINGALING!

\*\*\* A low-density species, wide-ranging and often inconspicuous even when present (and thus easily missed), we were fortunate to see this individual so well!

#### \*\*\*Chinese / Tibetan Grey Shrike Lanius sphenocercus / L. (s.) giganteus

One on 19<sup>th</sup>.

#### Eurasian Jay Garrulus glandarius

Nine N of Xining on 18<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\**vide* Zheng *et al.* (2005) the distinctive ssp *kansuensis* is restricted to NW & SW Gansu and 'Qinghai'.

#### Azure-winged Magpie Cyanopica cyanus

One on 18<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Apparently (G Pettersson pers com) the Iberian taxon, *C. (c.) cooki*, has been shown to be sufficiently differentiated genetically to merit elevation to full species status. In addition to the one we saw, *kansuensis*, the eastern species includes a further six taxa (Dickinson 2003)...

#### Common Magpie Pica pica

16 bird-days. Noted on two dates.

#### **Tibetan Magpie**Pica (pica) bottanensis

87 bird-days. Noted on just two dates.

\*\*\*The two *Pica* taxa occupy mutually exclusive ranges and display a number of vocal, morphological & habitat differences.

#### Henderson's Ground Jay Podoces hendersoni

Seven bird-days. Noted on two dates - a couple of the birds encountered were in look-at-me mode, sitting out allowing everyone in the group to enjoy long 'scope views...

#### Hume's Groundpecker Pseudopodoces humilis

107 bird-days. Noted on ten dates.

#### **Red-billed Chough** *Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax*

c425 bird-days. Noted on nine dates – main event an impressive flock of c300 S of Yushu on 25<sup>th</sup>.

#### Daurian Jackdaw Corvus dauuricus

c105 on 25<sup>th</sup> – incl six adults at <10m on a wire at eye level, positively *demanding* to be photographed!

#### Large-billed Crow Corvus macrorhynchos

26 bird-days. Noted on two dates.

#### Common Raven Corvus corax

101 bird-days. Noted on five dates.

#### Rufous-vented Tit Parus rubidiventris

One on 18<sup>th</sup>.

#### Songar Tit Parus songarus

11 bird-days. Noted on two dates: nine *affinis* N of Xining on 18<sup>th</sup> & two *weigoldicus* S of Yushu on 25<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Note that of the several Songar Tit sspp maybe only *weigoldicus* merits full species status (the rest are now lumped back in with Willow Tit *Parus montanus* by e g IOC).

\*\*\*Rasmussen & Anderton (2005) noted that "the case for treating *weigoldicus* as a full species appears particularly strong on the basis of its unusually high genetic distances from other taxa, despite weak morphological differentiation". Actually – as we couldn't help noticing (& see Collar & Pilgrim 2007) - *weigoldicus* does differ 'conspicuously' in many respects, incl vocalizations, from even *affinis*.

#### White-browed Tit Parus superciliosus

11 bird-days. Noted on four dates.

- **Grey Crested Tit** Parus dichrous One on 18<sup>th</sup>.
- Barn Swallow Hirundo rustica

One [PB, JB] on 25<sup>th</sup>.

#### Stoliczka's (= White-browed) Tit-Warbler Leptopoecile sophiae

62 bird-days. Noted on no fewer than nine dates, allowing everyone to enjoy to the full this colourful high altitude species.

#### Mongolian Lark Melanocorypha mongolica

Four at Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>.

Long-billed Calandra Lark Melanocorypha maxima c124 bird-days. Noted on five dates.

Asian Short-toed Lark Calandrella cheleensis

31 bird-days. Noted on three dates.

Oriental Skylark Alauda gulgula

210+ bird-days. Noted on four dates.

- **Horned Lark** *Eremophila alpestris* Common – not systematically recorded.
- **Common Chiffchaff** *Phylloscopus collybita tristis* Five on 29<sup>th</sup>.
- **Eastern' Tickell's Leaf Warbler** *Phylloscopus (affinis) occisinensis* One S of Yushu on 25<sup>th</sup>.
- \*\*\*Martens (2008) elevates part of Tickell's Warbler to full species status as *P. occisinensis* http://globiz.sachsen.de/snsd/publikationen/vertebrate-zoology/vz58-2/06 Martens.pdf
- **Pallas's Leaf Warbler** *Phylloscopus proregulus* Singles seen well on 19+29<sup>th</sup>.
- Hume's Leaf Warbler Phylloscopus humei humei

One heard on 28<sup>th</sup> & one seen well 29<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Rasmussen & Anderton (2005) treats both sspp as full species, noting that "although the call of

*mandellii* is markedly different from [nominate] *humei*, the whistled songs of both taxa are variable and often inseparable. While *mandellii* is genetically closer to *humei* than to *inornatus*, it is long-separated from either according to mtDNA (Irwin *et al.* 2001); its status as a full species thus remains equivocal."

#### Kozlov's Babax Babax koslowi

Two flew across the river & were 'scoped sitting up S of Yushu on 25<sup>th</sup>...(another three individuals were seen only by PB!).

\*\*\*Knowing the often subdued call is the key to finding this frequently extremely skulking, restrictedrange species.

## Pere David's Laughingthrush Garrulax davidi

One heard N of Xining on 18<sup>th</sup>.

#### Elliot's Laughingthrush Garrulax elliotii

18 bird-days. Noted on two dates – excellent views of this colourful endemic at our very first stop helped getting our trip off to a fine start.

Northern Wren Troglodytes troglodytes

Three on 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Chinese Nuthatch** Sitta villosa Five on 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Wallcreeper** *Tichodroma muraria* One in flight on 30<sup>th</sup>.

**Eurasian Treecreeper** Certhia familiaris Four on 18<sup>th</sup>.

#### Eurasian Starling Sturnus vulgaris

Four flew by as we stood outside the cafe post-brunch, waiting for our drivers to finish their cigarettes, on 27<sup>th</sup>.

#### Chestnut Thrush Turdus rubrocanus

Two on 18<sup>th</sup>.

Kessler's Thrush Turdus kessleri

12 bird-days. Noted on four dates.

Black-throated Thrush Turdus atrogularis

One on 29<sup>th</sup>.

#### Red-throated Thrush Turdus ruficollis

21 bird-days. Noted on three dates.

\*\*\*In addition, a flock of 25 Black- / Red-throated Thrushes on 19<sup>th</sup>...

#### Northern Red-flanked Bluetail Tarsiger cyanurus

Four bird-days. Three N of Xining on 18<sup>th</sup> may have been *albocoeruleus*, while one in a poplar grove W of Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup> was most likely cyanurus, the Siberian breeding form.

\*\*\*Apparently (L Svensson pers com; H Jannes) birds breeding in NE Qinghai – with a white brow in adult males – are *albocoeruleus*, a taxon hitherto considered of doubtful validity, but with a song distinct from both *cyanurus*' & *rufilatus*'. It is genetically closer to *cyanurus*, but has legs as long as *rufilatus*'.

#### Przevalski's Redstart Phoenicurus alaschanicus

Six bird-days. Noted on three dates – especially memorable were two males & one female in a patch of buckthorn on 19<sup>th</sup>, sitting up & offering great photo ops... at one point all three perched in one field-of-view! This localized endemic is 'arguably the prettiest in the genus'.

#### Black Redstart Phoenicurus ochruros

One 1<sup>st</sup> c-y in a poplar grove on 29<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*'Seemed very dark'. Ssp *phoenicuroides*, which Zheng *et al.* (2005) lists for Xinjiang & W Xizang, was, 'pending further research', included with *rufiventris* by Svensson (1992) although in the latter the adult male is 'on average blacker above and larger in size, but much overlap'. Ssp *xerophilus* was listed by Zheng *et al.* (2005) for Qinghai & S Xinjiang, and by BWP (Vol V, p683) for 'Astin Tagh (Sinkiang) to Western Kansu and Tsinghai' but this ssp not recognized by e g Dickinson (2003), and BWP (Vol V, p694-695) notes that its position requires confirmation, it having been described 'as being pale like *phoenicuroides* and large like *rufiventris*'.

#### White-throated Redstart Phoenicurus schisticeps

12 bird-days. Noted on three dates.

\*\*\*This species is arguably not far behind Przevalski's in terms of prettiness...

#### Guldenstadt's Redstart Phoenicurus erythrogastrus

143+ bird-days. Noted on seven dates! Main event 114 on 26<sup>th</sup> – incl an astonishing 68+ (65+ males & just three females) in one patch of buckthorn: WOW!

#### Blue-fronted Redstart Phoenicurus frontalis

Ten bird-days. Noted on two dates – perhaps not quite as many as expected but seen very well indeed, and photographed!

#### River Chat Chaimarrornis leucocephalus

Two on 18<sup>th</sup>.

#### Red-breasted Flycatcher Ficedula parva

A 1<sup>st</sup> c-y 'scoped & photographed in a poplar grove on 29<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Apparently a 1<sup>st</sup> for Tibet though in reality possibly a regular if rare passage migrant, overlooked in the past when considered conspecific with *F. albicilla*.

\*\*\*The species breeds E to c65\*E in Siberia (BWP VolVII, p26) and has turned up in Japan, Korea & E China.

#### Red-throated (= Taiga) Flycatcher Ficedula albicilla

Two on 30<sup>th</sup>.

## White-throated Dipper Cinclus cinclus

Three bird-days. Noted on two dates.

#### House Sparrow Passer domesticus

Singles noted on two dates.

#### Eurasian Tree Sparrow Passer montanus

Common – not systematically recorded.

#### Rock Sparrow Petronia petronia

4,150+ bird-days. Noted on four dates – main event a very impressive  $\underline{c4,000}$  swarming into a stubble field on 30<sup>th</sup>.

#### Henri's Snowfinch Montifringilla henrici

14 bird-days. Noted on four dates – on 23<sup>rd</sup> it was a bonus to get superb views of a singleton at Breezy Corner, feeding at the edge of a braided river.

\*\*\*DNA work has shown this taxon to be more closely related to Tibetan Snowfinch than to Eurasian (with which it was lumped in the past).

#### Tibetan Snowfinch Montifringilla adamsi

Four bird-days. Noted on three dates – main event two at Breezy Corner on 23<sup>rd</sup>, feeding low on a cliff next to the road.

\*\*\*Rather unspectacular on the ground but truly striking in flight, this species is blessed with no less than four English names...

#### White-rumped Snowfinch Onychostruthus taczanowskii

294+ bird-days. Noted on ten dates.

\*\*\*This the most charismatic of the snowfinches can be relied on to put on a good show, doing its hunchback display, dive-bombing intruders (feathered as well as furred), or simply inviting birders to enjoy prolonged looks, as on 23<sup>rd</sup> when 'we watched one run across the snow, sinking in, then working exposed clump of grass'.

#### Pere David's Snowfinch Pyrgilauda davidiana

c175 bird-days. Noted on two dates – main event c170, mostly in groups of up to 40 birds heading W, on the windy morning of 21<sup>st</sup>.

\*\*\*It is misleading to call this 'one of the most localized snowfinch species': its range is vast, covering SE Russian Altai, Mongolia & SE Transbaikalia S to E Qinghai and W & C Inner Mongolia (Dickinson, 2003)! The only Snowfinch of which it could be reasonably said that it is 'localized' is Afghan Snowfinch *Pyrgilauda theresae* of 'C Afghanistan & S Tadjikistan >> S Turkmenistan' (Dickinson, 2003)...

#### Rufous-necked Snowfinch Pyrgilauda ruficollis

c1,125 bird-days. Noted on nine dates – largest flock seen was a very impressive c300 at Breezy Corner on 23<sup>rd</sup>.

#### Blanford's Snowfinch Pyrgilauda blanfordi

11 - incl several dropping in to feed next to where we'd positioned ourselves - on 21<sup>st</sup>.

#### Robin Accentor Prunella rubeculoides

53 bird-days. Noted on seven dates.

#### **Rufous-browed Accentor** Prunella strophiata One [PB *et al.*] on 25<sup>th</sup>.

**Brown Accentor** *Prunella fulvescens* 46 bird-days. Noted on five dates.

**Citrine Wagtail** Motacilla citreola One at Koko Nor on 19<sup>th</sup>.

#### White WagtailMotacilla alba ssp

Five bird-days. Noted on three dates.

#### **Richard's Pipit** Anthus richardi An exceptionally late bird flew by on 28<sup>th</sup>.

**Olive-backed Pipit** Anthus hodgsoni Singletons were noted on 18+24+25<sup>th</sup>.

#### Water Pipit Anthus spinoletta

26 bird-days. Noted on three dates.

#### Brambling Fringilla montifringilla

6+ in a poplar grove on  $30^{th}$ .

#### Eurasian Siskin Carduelis spinus

Six bird-days. Noted on two dates, incl on 30<sup>th</sup> when one fine-looking male was found in a barren gully 'perching on tufts of grass for lack of trees'!

#### Twite Carduelis flavirostris

116 bird-days. Noted on eight dates.

#### Plain Mountain Finch Leucosticte nemoricola

c375 bird-days. Noted on just two dates – main event a swirling flock of c350 'scoped on sunlit ridge above the plain on 25<sup>th</sup>.

#### Brandt's Mountain Finch Leucosticte brandti

One [JH] at Breezy Corner on 23<sup>rd</sup> 'landed by the river but somehow vahished'.

#### Mongolian Trumpeter Finch Bucanetes mongolicus

One heard on 21<sup>st</sup>.

\*\*\*This sought-after species has been recorded in NE Tibet in good numbers into mid-Nov (JH pers obs) but is somewhat erratic...

#### Przevalski's Rosefinch Urocynchramus pylzowi

Ten on 23<sup>rd</sup>, incl several showing well: TINGALING!

\*\*\*'The taxonomically challenged Przevalski's Rosefinch is nowadays considered to represent a monotypic family - is it a "Rosefinch"? or is it a "Bunting"?... good question, seeing that in the field it does not appear obviously close to either, with its graduated, blindingly pink tail, absurdly thin lower mandible, and a summertime habit of doing 'parachute' type songflights.'

#### Chinese Beautiful Rosefinch Carpodacus davidianus

Nine bird-days. Noted on three dates.

#### Pink-rumped Rosefinch Carpodacus eos

11 S of Yushu on 25<sup>th</sup>.

#### Pallas's Rosefinch Carpodacus roseus

A pair seen feeding on buckthorn berries on 29<sup>th</sup> was a seriously good find...

\*\*\*There may only be five previous records for Tibet, all from N of Xining and none earlier than 22 Nov (JH pers obs).

#### Chinese White-browed Rosefinch Carpodacus dubius

14 bird-days. Noted on two dates.

#### Eastern Great Rosefinch Carpodacus rubicilloides

20+ bird-days. Noted on four dates - repeated 'scope views of adult males!

#### Spotted Great Rosefinch Carpodacus severtzovi

Nine bird-days. Noted on two dates – 'scope views of an adult male when we stopped the car upon hearing the distinctive call through the open window!

#### Roborovski's Rosefinch Kozlowia roborowskii

Three female-types on 22<sup>nd</sup> was all we managed...

**Grey-headed Bullfinch** *Pyrrhula erythaca* Five N of Xining on 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Hawfinch** Coccothraustes coccothraustes One in flight on 28<sup>th</sup>.

#### Pine Bunting Emberiza leucocephalos

Five bird-days. Noted on two dates – main event three on 20<sup>th</sup>, incl 'a 1<sup>st</sup> c-y photographed at c3800m as it crept up gully below us'.

Eastern Rock Bunting Emberiza godlewskii

13 bird-days. Noted on four dates.

Black-faced Bunting Emberiza spodocephala One [JH] briefly on 19<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

# Mammals:

**Tibetan Dwarf Hamster** *Cricetulus tibetanus* One was seen very well on 22<sup>nd</sup>.

#### Mid-Day Gerbil Meriones meridianus

Three animal-days. Noted on two dates but not exactly easy to get on...

\*\*\*'The most desert-adapted of all gerbils. It occupies sandy terrain with different degrees of soil stabilization, preferring brushy habitat characterized by thorn scrub under which it constructs it burrows. Primarily nocturnal (in contrast with *M. unguiculatus*); it is only active during the day during winter. It is unclear how it was given the common name.': Smith & Xie (2008).

#### Gansu Pika Ochotona cansus

Just one seen [AH] on 23<sup>rd</sup>.

Plateau Pika Ochotona curzoniae

Widespread - not systematically recorded.

#### Glover's Pika Ochotona gloveri

8+ animal-days. Noted on two dates – one on 25th 'up on massive boulder across the river somehow spotted by AH as it sat silhouetted against the far-off sky, in the absence of fiercer creatures absolute ruler of that piece of hard-to-get-to real estate'..

#### Woolly Hare Lepus oiostolus

9+ animal-days. Seen on at least five dates – main event 4+ on 23<sup>rd</sup>, when numerous tracks crisscrossing the fresh snow suggested that at least twice that number were present.

#### Pallas' Cat Felis manul

One allowed extended 'scope views as it sat out on a sunny knoll on 22<sup>nd</sup>.

#### \*\*\*Snow Leopard Uncia uncia

Tracks in the snow...

#### Wolf Canis lupus

11 animal-days. Noted on four dates – a long session with two individuals at c4,800m on 24<sup>th</sup>: one of them was seen trying to punch through a patch of frozen snow, then carried on tentatively while the other animal was lying down. All of a sudden that one was making off in a different direction carrying a Tibetan Fox (!), seemingly trying to take advantage of the lay of the land to get away and not share the meal with its companion... nice plan, but as they disappeared from view the more active individual was firmly on the trail of the meal-carrying one.

#### Tibetan Fox Vulpes ferrilata

48 animal-days. Noted on no fewer than seven dates, with any number of satisfying encounters and several photo opportunities: what an animal!

#### **Red Fox** *Vulpes vulpes*

Singles were noted on four dates.

#### Mountain Weasel Mustela altaica

We were pleased to get extended views (and repeated photo ops!) when JB spotted one darting about on 27<sup>th</sup>.

#### Kiang Equus kiang

788 animal-days. Noted on five dates. It was a real pleasure to watch these dignified 'donkeys' - in the absence of hunters they (and other large mammals on the Plateau) are fairly confiding, and in a couple of cases we were able to get good-to-decent photos even without the help of long lenses!

#### Siberian Roe Capreolus pygargus

5+ on  $18^{th}$  got our trip off the ground in style.

#### MacNeil's Deer Cervus macneilli

Seven S of Yushu on 25<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*macneilli is 'the pale red-grey deer of the eastern margins of the Tibetan plateau': Groves (2005).

#### Gansu Red Deer Cervus kansuensis

No fewer than 55 animals in a morning! Memorable 'scope views of several magnificent stags – the crisp air was vibrating with their rutting-time roars, which were audible even from our breakfast spot. \*\*\**vide* Groves (2005), *kansuensis* is 'quite distinct, the winter pelage being especially different: *macneilli* stags are very light, creamy grey, while *kansuensis* stags are deep steely grey. The black on the croup [...] is much more conspicuous in *kansuensis*.'

\*\*\*Subsequently (Groves & Grubb: *Ungulate Taxonomy* (2011)) it was felt that *kansuensis* is probably NOT a valid taxon. There are specimens from S Koko Nor Range 37\*N 100\*E (where sightings by birders have resulted in claims of White-lipped Deer!) & from Tatung Shan 37\*15'N 100\*E, and there are sight records from Qilian Shan.

\*\*\*If *kansuensis* ends up being considered invalid the animals we saw were still not 'Red' Deer *Cervus 'elaphus'* but *Cervus canadensis alashanicus.* 

#### White-lipped Deer Przewalskium albirostris

39 animals in a single day. A herd of 29 included five huge-antlered stags & a full mix of juveniles, females, and 'lesser' stags – at x60 magnification we could see the senior stag roaring repeatedly as it stood silhouetted against the sky, allowing undistorted looks in crisp afternoon air, but what with the distance & the flowing river we were unable to hear it.

#### Goitred Gazelle Gazella subgutturosa

31 animal-days. Noted on two dates – 28 in a day was pretty good, especially as the magnificent dawn air allowed undistorted 'scope viewing on x60 magnification.

#### Tibetan Gazelle Procapra picticaudata

808+ animal-days. Noted on seven dates – as is the case with Kiang, in the absence of human hunters these nimble creatures are fairly confiding (if still jumpily high-strung, no doubt on account of the healthy population of wolves roaming the hills: in August 2005 we were even privileged to witness four particularly mean-looking wolves undertake a successful hunt, killing and ripping apart a Tibetan Gazelle) - we were able to get frame-filling photos even without the help of heavy artillery lenses.

#### Przevalski's Gazelle Procapra przewalskii

76 on 20<sup>th</sup> – all were female/juveniles.

\*\*\*The species has recently be 'downgraded' to 'merely' Endangered (following the discovery of additional herds in 2003) although the world population may be no more than 350-400 mature individuals. See <u>http://www.iucnredlist.org/apps/redlist/details/18230/0</u>

\*\*\*Our animals appear to represent an as far as the IUCN is concerned 'undiscovered' population.

#### Wild Yak Bos grunniensis

111 animal-days. These impressive animals were seen in two separate areas... WOW! views were had by all.

#### Argali Ovis ammon

24 animal-days. Noted on two dates – watching a herd of 14 (incl at least three good-sized males) for a couple of hours was just the sort of relaxed, in-depth experience we'd hoped for.

#### Tibetan Antelope Panthalops hodgsonii

Seeing 80 along the remotest Roof of the World stretch of road was truly something to remember. \*\*\*See <u>http://www.iucnredlist.org/apps/redlist/details/15967/0</u>

#### Blue Sheep Pseudois nayaur

c158 animal-days. Noted on three dates.