

## China May 5<sup>th</sup> to May 21<sup>st</sup> 1998

### *Participants*

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### *Weather*

The weather was very stable with little variation compared to the wandering cyclones characteristic of Western Europe. On 7<sup>th</sup> there was some light rain in the morning and no wind. In the evening the sun appeared. Day three and on the 9<sup>th</sup>, the weather was also cloudy, but during the rest of our stay it was warm. Almost every day the wind was from Southwest and moderate.

### *Itinerary*

**5<sup>th</sup>** and **6<sup>th</sup>**. Finally airborne and on our way to China. Due to a strike in Denmark we had to fly from Stockholm instead. The days before our trip some redirected planes to Beijing from Stockholm were cancelled so we were a bit worried. On our day of departure, everything works according to plan. During the journey from Scania to Stockholm there were few birds but we saw an elk, a fox and some roe deers instead.

After a calm, but very short night we landed in Beijing after 7,5 h. The weather was warm and nice although it was only 7 am. The first bird to be observed was *Tree Sparrow*. Some *Blue-winged Magpies* and *Red-rumped Swallows* are also among the first birds. Ahead of us we had what should prove to be a whole day of travelling to the island, *Happy Island*. The chauffeur slides between cars, buses, lorries and small Chinese tractors and moments of possible accidents were frequent.

A pleasant lunch consisting of eight courses and costing 20 yuan per person including beer is ordered along the road in one of many restaurants. In the afternoon we arrived to the harbour where the boat should bring us out to the island. During the hour we had to wait on the pier we were surrounded of Chinese people. They were close but not disturbingly so. The first wader-ticks were noted: e.g. *Lesser Sand Plover*, *Red-necked Stint*, *Sharp-tailed Sandpiper*, *Great Knot*

Finally we arrived on the island and our quarter for the next fortnight is a house of stone next to an

old Buddhist temple. Dinner was served and after ticking observed species in the list, the generator stopped at 9:50 p.m. and the lights were out. This day Bo had his 40<sup>th</sup> birthday and we were singing and cheering to celebrate him.

**7<sup>th</sup>**. Early morning, the clock was 5 am. In daylight the island looks rather nice, although situated in a mudflat area. Large green areas and lines of bushes makes the island suitable for birdwatchers as well as for birds. The weather is changing from light rain in the morning to bright sunlight in the afternoon. The first breakfast consisted of eggs and sweet bread. Potatoes were served at lunch and something that reminds of French fries is among the courses at dinner. Per-Anders says that the cooking has improved a lot since he was here the last time. Maybe the chef has attended some course.

The day is of course spent on birdwatching, but a roundtrip is also on the schedule so that we got a feeling of the shape of the island. I (Gunilla) headed “home” at 5 p.m. and *Stonechats* were sitting on every grass straw on the way back. Good species of the day were *Amur Falcon*, *Grey-headed Lapwing*, *Indian Cuckoo*, *White-throated Rock Thrush*, *Eye-browed Thrush*, *Siberian Thrush*, *Tristram’s Bunting* and *Japanese Reed Bunting*.

**8<sup>th</sup>**. The weather was hot and sunny all day. That resulted in fewer birds, but some ticks were noted anyway, e.g. *Pale Thrush*. The presence of the sun make several of us believing in hot water in the showers, since we have heard that sun-driven heaters have been installed. I don’t think they had been properly installed, though, since the water was everything but hot. In the afternoon many of us were resting. The sun made the group, normally hardworking, a bit tired. Per-Anders tried to cure his whooping cough according to old methods of nature, i.e. drinking whisky and smoking the bacteria out of his lungs! The highlight of the day was a *White’s Thrush*. During the afternoon a *Yellow-bellied Tit* was observed just outside our house. *Grey-headed Lapwing* and *White-cheeked Starling* were also noted, but the species of the day was a *Grey Bushchat* in a ditch next to the temple.

**9<sup>th</sup>**. Again a nice morning. Calm, cloudy and a lot of birds. This day we only had the time to watch birds in the grove behind the temple, except Stefan who took a long walk to look for waders. He was awarded with great views of *Shelduck* but also had some suspected *Relict Gulls* at a long distance. Good bird of the day were *Swinhoe’s Snipe* and *Yellow-throated Sparrow*.

The afternoon turned out to be very good. Bo mounted his net behind the temple and he caught some nice birds. Everybody fetched their cameras and the party could begin. Bo showed *Grey-backed Thrush*, *Siberian Blue Robin* and finally a *White-throated Rock Thrush*, a stunning male. All were happy and we all celebrated the moment with coffee and cognac. However the mood of Thomas was decreasing rapidly since he got a problem with his camera. After trying virtually everything he put it away. I picked it up and merely touched it and behold, it worked again.

After the twitching in the evening we paid a quick visit to the “disco”. In the same house we were staying in, the Chinese had arranged with spotlights, coloured disco lamps and a TV-video-set with Karaoke. The party was on until 10 p.m. when the generator was shut off and the electricity with it. Calm descended over the birdwatchers and the island.

**10<sup>th</sup>**. A day with too good weather and few birds. People were less happy and some even tries to read a bit of emergency literature. The afternoon was spent on wader-watching. It was a long walk and it was blowing hard. The mud was also constantly reminding us of the situation. Since I thought

the distance to the waders was too long I was looking for shells and things along the coastline. The dinner was very good and so far it had become better and better for each day. Now, Per-Anders was certain that the chef had taken cooking lessons. Although cloudy from time to time, all had red faces. Many ticks also made some of the men afraid that the “ticking-whisky” will not last for the whole trip. Birds of the day were *Manchurian Bush Warbler* and *Pale-legged Leaf Warbler*.

**11<sup>th</sup>**. I tried to sleep longer this morning but it didn't work out. Thomas came running to fetch me telling me that there was a *Black-necked Oriole* and a *Hair-crested Drongo* in the grove. Since this type of birds appeal to me and are among my favourites (category colourful/odd birds) I hurried up. Just before lunch a big group of birders had arrived. It was a group of 30 birders travelling with *SunBirds*. After lunch a *Brown Hawk-owl* had been found which excited all of the birders. In the bush next to it a *Rufous-bellied Woodpecker* was sitting, unaware of the presence of the owl, it seemed. We who were staying on the island for a longer period thought that the island was crowded so we went for waders. Among other things we saw large numbers of *Asiatic Dowitchers* and *Great Knots*. Stefan and Hans-Åke stayed a bit longer than the rest of us and they saw a strange wader. Arriving a bit late for dinner they told us what they had seen. They were not 100% sure, but after consulting books and also talking to the Finnish group they were convinced that it was a *Nordmann's Greenshank* they had seen (popularly called guttifer in our group). We were all happy for the two finders but we also hoped that it would stay, so that we also should have a chance to see the bird. Other highlights of the day were *Oriental Pratincole*, *Relict Gulls*, *Pallas's* and *Japanese Reed Bunting*.

**12<sup>th</sup>**. A sunny but very windy morning. *SunBirds* was back after a night on the mainland, so the grove was loaded with people. Few birds and a lot of sun, so I took a rest, sunbathing and reading during the afternoon. Hans-Åke found a *Chinese Leaf-warbler* right in front of me and I was sent away to fetch the rest. After lunch the Belgian group said goodbye and left the island. They were going to Beidahe next. The afternoon was spent looking for a *Grey-sided Thrush*, which was observed by a few persons only, but no luck and the highlight of the day was the warbler together with the trip's only *Little Cuckoo*.

**13<sup>th</sup>**. This was the hottest morning so far. At lunchtime Stefan's watch, which can tell you practically everything (except the time), shows 28.5°C in the shadow and normal atmospheric pressure. The Finnish group had put up nets behind the temple and Bo and Benny had a net in the ditch. It caused no problems since few birders were left on the island. Since I am a bit less “serious” with my birdwatching I spent the rest of the day resting, reading and sunbathing. Hans-Åke, Stefan and Per-Anders had been around the island looking for and finding new birds. Away from the others I managed to find *Yellow-rumped Flycatcher*, *Daurian Redstart* and *Kingfisher*, i.e. birds of my taste. The others also noted *Watercock*, *Yellow-legged Buttonquail*, *Large Hawk Cuckoo*, *Chinese Thrush*, *Blyth's Leaf and Eastern Crowned Warbler* and *Daurian Jackdaw*. The Fins found and photographed a warbler reminding of a *Dusky Warbler* but yellow underneath. Stefan also got a glimpse of the bird that still is unidentified.

**14<sup>th</sup>**. People were getting a bit stressed at this point. Over half time and still many bird species left to be recorded. On this trip the weather has been too good. Later we got to know that this spring has been unusually hot and sunny for large areas in China. A lot of birds have probably just migrated over our heads. Everybody were out of their beds at 5 am and behold, gold was coming from the skies. *Rufous-tailed Robin* in the ditch, *Brown Flycatchers*, *Siberian Rubythroats*, *Black-capped Kingfisher* and a *Dollarbird*. Everything literally just fell down from the skies. At breakfast the Finnish group told us that they had an early morning among the waders and had good views of a

***Nordmann's Greenshank***. Of course, these men had to try their luck and so we all went down to look for guttifer at the worst time of the day: low tide, the sun in our eyes and heat turbulence. I gave up first and walked back to the shore after gliding around in the mud without so much as of a sight of neither the very distant water nor any birds. The men gave up a bit later and admitted that it was a rather stupid idea and that a new search would be better in the afternoon, when the tide would be high and the light conditions better. Although two searches undertaken that day, no guttifer was sighted by our group, but a ***Schrenck's Little Bittern*** was a redeemer for that long walk. Cognac and whisky for the men and martini for the lady at the obligatory ticking and then quickly to bed before the lights went out.

**15<sup>th</sup>**. The day started like the previous. I arrived a little later than the others did and I had again seen ***Blue Rock Thrush, Eyebrowed Thrush*** and ***Brown Flycatchers***. After breakfast we were heading through the dense bushes towards the harbour. For the first time in nine days, we were leaving the island. When the boat had been jerked off the mud and out into the river we were all set. However, the engine was broken and while the Chinese were trying to fix the boat, we were eating our lunch to save time. The problem was bigger than first believed and the time was flying away. Meanwhile, the Chinese were collecting reed and built a bonfire to get in contact with the mainland! Unsuccessful as they were, they started to gather even more reed so we left the boat and would try again next day. A bit disappointed we headed back for our home and refreshments. The star turn of the day was a male ***Chinese Goshawk*** seen well when soaring over the grove.

**16<sup>th</sup>**. Again a warm and sunny morning and few birds. This was the last day on the island for the Finnish group. Thomas and Per-Anders headed for waders early in the morning. They were lucky, and back at breakfast they told about a sighting of a ***Nordmann's Greenshank***. After an early lunch we left the island together with the Finnish group. A new boat was hired and this time everything worked. On the pier ashore a minibus was waiting for us. The bus got crowded very quickly as not only we were going with it, but also the drivers wife, kids, the boss from the island, his wife... Well away from the harbour, we stopped at several rice ponds and looked for waders, terns and herons. It paid off with a ***Long-toed Stint*** among other things. After a couple of hours and back in the harbour the old boat, now mended, was waiting for us. To get to it, we had to pass a couple of other boats. Stefan was having some problems and finally he fell with the scope, camera and everything. Some smaller injuries but the equipment was ok, so everything was ok. Back on the island in time for dinner.

**17<sup>th</sup>**. Birthday again. The day was spent on searching in the bushes and looking for waders. The island has changed shape during the last days. More leaves on the trees and bushes, and more mosquitoes. Thomas and I tried to get a shower before dinner this day since it had been a hot day. No water. Instead just drying the sweat with the towel and putting on new clothes and hurrying to the dinner. Thomas's birthday was celebrated with Chinese vodka. It is not very good but it was consumed together with the food. The food was very good, though.

**18<sup>th</sup>**. New morning and it was warm and windy. Today there were a lot of birds. It was also the hottest day of the trip. 33°C in the shadow. Many nice birds were observed, among them ***Yellow Bittern, Black Brent, Ruddy Crake, Swinhoe's Snipe, Black-capped Kingfisher, Pechora Pipit, Yellow-rumped Flycatcher, Mugimaki Flycatcher, Yellow-bellied Tit, White-cheeked Starling*** and many other nice birds. After an intense day of birdwatching and some discussion with the Chinese there was again water in the showers, and a cool shower after this hot day was really refreshing. Since this was the last day on the island Thomas bought a new bottle of Chinese vodka. Dinner consisted of 8 dishes!

**19<sup>th</sup>**. The last day on the island. This was very frustrating since it was a very good morning. Stefan found a thrush, which was unknown to us all. It showed to be a new species for the island and, in fact, the Palearctic fauna region. It was an *Orange-headed Thrush*, a stunning male, which later on was netted and photographed. A lot of other good species this day, e.g. *White-breasted Waterhen*, *Spotted Bush*, *Blunt-winged Reed and Chinese Leaf Warbler*, made the day one of the best. An early lunch was served before we left. The chef had really done it this time and we got a lot of good food. We left the island and well ashore we entered the minibus that would take us to Beijing.

**20<sup>th</sup>**. Getting up at the same time as usual. Departure to Badaling for birding a few hours in the morning, that produced e.g. *Stub-tailed and Manchurian Bush Warbler*, *Yellow-streaked Warbler*, *Père David's Laughingthrush*, *Blue magpie*, *Meadow and Eastern Rock Bunting*. The rest of the day was devoted to culture. We first made a visit to the Great Wall, to walk historical land. It was hard to imagine the enormous effort that it has taken to construct the monument, before you have visited the place. Prior to a visit on the *Gate of Heavenly Peace* and the *Tiananmen Square*, we had some pancakes made by a woman in a very hectic road crossing. However, they were very tasty and we recommend them. On the way to the *Forbidden City*, we saw a man, probably on the way to the illegal bird market. On his carrier he had a cage holding two *Mongolian Larks*. In the evening we visited the most famous restaurant in Beijing and had Beijing duck. Culinary and perfect ends of a very successful travel rich in species.

**21<sup>st</sup>**. Departure day. Getting up early to be in time at the airport. Direct flight to Copenhagen took 9 ½ hours. A very pleasing journey had come to an end, and you woke up in Copenhagen with a jerk, windy, drizzle and only 10°C.

*Gunilla Larsson*

### **Observations**

**Little Grebe** Smådopping *Tachybaptus ruficollis poggei* Five were seen on mainland trip 16<sup>th</sup>.

**Yellow Bittern** Kinesisk dvärgrördrom *Ixobrychus sinensis* One 18<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Schrenck's Bittern** Schrencks dvärgrördrom *Ixobrychus eurhythmus* One as early as 14<sup>th</sup>

**Black-crowned Night Heron** Natthäger *Nycticorax nycticorax nycticorax* One was seen 9<sup>th</sup>, 13<sup>th</sup>, and 19<sup>th</sup>. Two 18<sup>th</sup>. In Beijing at least five 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Striated Heron** Grönhäger *Butorides striatus amurensis* The only record was one in the dunes on 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Chinese Pond-Heron** Bacchushäger *Ardeola bacchus* A maximum of 5 9<sup>th</sup>. Singles were seen 12-13<sup>th</sup>.

**Great Egret** Ägretthäger *Egretta alba* Two 8<sup>th</sup>, 12<sup>th</sup> and 13<sup>th</sup>. Possibly the same individual.

**Grey Heron** Gråhäger *Ardea cinerea jouyi* Only one individual 9<sup>th</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup>.

**Purple Heron** Purpurhäger *Ardea purpurea manilensis* On 8<sup>th</sup> a group of 24 migrating south. One on 10<sup>th</sup>. Also one on mainland trip 16<sup>th</sup>. There were also four on the island 17<sup>th</sup> and two 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Brent Goose** Prutgås *Branta bernicla nigricans* 70 resting on Moon Island and then migrating north 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Common Shelduck** Gravand *Tadorna tadorna* Seen 6 of 14 days on the island. Maximum of 160 10<sup>th</sup>.

**Spot-billed Duck** Fläcknäbbsand *Anas poecilorhyncha* Seen every day on the island, maximum over 100.

**Garganey** Årta *Anas querquedula* Two different birds were seen 7<sup>th</sup>.

**Red-breasted Merganser** Småskrake *Mergus serrator* Five 10<sup>th</sup> and two 11<sup>th</sup>.

**Crested Honey Buzzard** Tofsbivråk *Pernis ptilorhyncus* On 19<sup>th</sup> there were 19 birds migrating north. In Badaling there were 33 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Black Kite** Brun glada *Milvus migrans lineatus* One 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Eastern Marsh-Harrier** Brokig kärrhök *Circus spilonotus* Singles were seen almost every day with a maximum of four. Also seen on our mainland visit 16<sup>th</sup>.

**Pied Harrier** Svartvit kärrhök *Circus melanoleucus* Seen on 7 days. Mostly singles, but three 8<sup>th</sup> and two 13<sup>th</sup>.

**Japanese Sparrowhawk** Taigahök *Accipiter gularis* Recorded on 10 days with maximum of 15 13<sup>th</sup>.

**Eurasian Sparrowhawk** Sparvhök *Accipiter nisus nisosimilis* Singles on 9 days.

**Chinese Goshawk** Kinesisk hök *Accipiter soloensis* One male 15<sup>th</sup>.

**Eurasian Kestrel** Tornfalk *Falco tinnunculus interstinctus* Seen along the road from Beijing 6<sup>th</sup>.

**Amur Falcon** Amurfalk *Falco amurensis* Two on 7<sup>th</sup>, one 9<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup>. Also two 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Eurasian Hobby** Lärkfalk *Falco subbuteo subbuteo* Recorded on 13 days with 1-3 birds.

**Peregrine Falcon** Pilgrimsfalk *Falco peregrinus* One resting on the mudflats on 10<sup>th</sup>.

**Japanese Quail** Japansk vaktel *Coturnix japonica* Recorded on 9 days. Most birds were seen in the beginning of the visit (5-10 birds).

**Common Pheasant** Fasan *Phasianus colchicus* More than 10 birds seen at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Yellow-legged Buttonquail** Gulfotad springhöna *Turnix tanki* One flushed in the dunes 13<sup>th</sup>.

**Ballion's Crake** Dvärgsumphöna *Porzana pusilla pusilla* Two 14<sup>th</sup> and one 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Ruddy Crake** Rödrun sumphöna *Porzana fusca* One in the ditch west of the temple 18<sup>th</sup>.

**White-breasted Watherhen** Vitbröstad sumphöna *Amaurornis phoenicurus* One flushed from the pond just south the temple 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Common Moorhen** Rörhöna *Gallinula chloropus chloropus* Recorded during our transport Beijing-Happy Island 6<sup>th</sup>. Also seen on the mainland 16<sup>th</sup>.

**Watercock** Tupprall *Gallicrex cinerea* Only one 13<sup>th</sup> in the reeds north of the "Blue village".

**Eurasian Oystercatcher** Strandskata *Haematopus ostralegus osculans* Seen on 10 days. Maximum of 30 on 16<sup>th</sup>.

**Black-winged Stilt** Stytlöpare *Himantopus himantopus himantopus* One 7<sup>th</sup> and two 15<sup>th</sup>. More than 10 birds seen on the mainland 16<sup>th</sup>.

**Pied Avocet** Skärfläcka *Recurvirostra avosetta* Two 6<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup>. Nine were seen 11<sup>th</sup>.

**Oriental Pratincole** Orientalisk vadarsvala *Glareola maldivarum* Two 7<sup>th</sup> and 13<sup>th</sup>. One 10<sup>th</sup>, 14<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup>. On our mainland visit we saw four 16<sup>th</sup>.

**Little Ringed Plover** Mindre strandpipare *Charadrius dubius curonicus* One 12<sup>th</sup>.

**Kentish Plover** Svartbent strandpipare *Charadrius alexandrinus dealbatus* Common on the island.

**Lesser Sand Plover** Mongolpipare *Charadrius mongolus mongolus/stegmanni* Recorded on 12 days. Maximum of 100 7<sup>th</sup>. At least 40 on 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Greater Sand Plover** Ökenpipare *Charadrius leschenaultii leschenaultii* One 6<sup>th</sup>, 11<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup>. Five on 10<sup>th</sup>.

**Pacific Golden Plover** Sibirisk tundrapipare *Pluvialis fulva* Only migrating birds. 8 days with maximum of 50 17<sup>th</sup>. A total of 136 birds.

**Grey Plover** Kustpipare *Pluvialis squatarola* Seen every day. The highest number was 530 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Grey-headed Lapwing** Gråhuvad vipa *Vanellus cinereus* Two 7<sup>th</sup>. One 8<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup>.

**Great Knot** Kolymasnäppa *Calidris tenuirostris* Seen every day. When counted: 500 10<sup>th</sup>, 3000 11<sup>th</sup>, 600 14<sup>th</sup> and 925 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Red Knot** Kustsnäppa *Calidris canutus* Seen on 11 days. When counted: 100 10<sup>th</sup>, 500 11<sup>th</sup>, 200 14<sup>th</sup> and 600 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Sanderling** Sandlöpare *Calidris alba* Four 10<sup>th</sup>, 35 11<sup>th</sup> and 20 14<sup>th</sup>. Also seen 16<sup>th</sup> and 17<sup>th</sup>.

**Red-necked Stint** Rödhalsad snäppa *Calidris ruficollis* Two 6<sup>th</sup>, 25 9<sup>th</sup>, two 10<sup>th</sup>, 250 11<sup>th</sup>, 20 14<sup>th</sup>, five 17<sup>th</sup> and 25 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Temminck's Stint** Mosnäppa *Calidris temminckii* One 9<sup>th</sup>.

**Long-toed Stint** Långtåsnäppa *Calidris subminuta* One on the mainland, resting in a shrimp pool, 16<sup>th</sup>.

**Sharp-tailed Sandpiper** Spetsstjärtad snäppa *Calidris acuminata* A total of 14 during our stay. One 6<sup>th</sup>, two 7<sup>th</sup>. Seven 10<sup>th</sup> and two 11<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Curlew Sandpiper** Spovsnäppa *Calidris ferruginea* Counted as follow: 10<sup>th</sup> six, 11<sup>th</sup> 100, 14<sup>th</sup> 250, 15<sup>th</sup> four, 16<sup>th</sup> and 17<sup>th</sup> 100. On 18<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup> there were 75 birds.

**Dunlin** Kärrsnäppa *Calidris alpina sakhalina* Seen on 11 days. Highest number was 4000 11<sup>th</sup>. A high number was 2000 17<sup>th</sup>.

**Broad-billed Sandpiper** Myrsnäppa *Limicola falcinellus sibirica* On 11<sup>th</sup> 25 birds roosted on the southwestern mudflat. Five 14<sup>th</sup>, three 16<sup>th</sup>, five 17<sup>th</sup>, six 18<sup>th</sup> and 3 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Common Snipe** Enkelbeckasin *Gallinago gallinago gallinago* Five birds on 4 days.

**Pintail Snipe** Sibirisk beckasin *Gallinago stenura* Seen on 11 days, 1-5 birds daily.

**Swinhoe's Snipe** Taigabeckasin *Gallinago megala* One bird 9<sup>th</sup> and one flushed in the bush south-east of the temple 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Asian Dowitcher** Asiatisk beckasinsnäppa *Limnodromus semipalmatus* Seen almost every day. Highest numbers were 750 11<sup>th</sup>, 600 18<sup>th</sup>, 250 10<sup>th</sup> and 200 14<sup>th</sup>.

**Eurasian Woodcock** Morkulla *Scolopax rusticola* One 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Black-tailed Godwit** Rödspov *Limosa limosa* Seen on 9 days. Highest numbers 11<sup>th</sup> with 250 birds and 150 7<sup>th</sup>

**Bar-tailed Godwit** Myrspov *Limosa lapponica baueri* Seen every day on the island. When counted: 800 10<sup>th</sup>, 2000 11<sup>th</sup>, 400 14<sup>th</sup> and 485 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Whimbrel** Småspov *Numenius phaeopus variegatus* Common among the waders on the southern and southwestern mudflats. Including Eurasian Curlew up to 500 birds seen.

**Eurasian Curlew** Storspov *Numenius arquata orientalis* Seen almost every day. See Whimbrel.

**Far-Eastern Curlew** Orientspov *Numenius madagascariensis* Recorded 10 days. Maximum 20 10<sup>th</sup>. 1-5 birds on the other days.

**Spotted Redshank** Svartsnäppa *Tringa erythropus* Three records.

**Common Redshank** Rödbena *Tringa totanus* Common, seen every day.

**Marsh Sandpiper** Dammsnäppa *Tringa stagnatilis* Only seen on five days, in the beginning of our visit. Fairly common in the ditches west of the mainland harbour.



**Common Greenshank** Gluttsnäppa *Tringa nebularia* Seen on 12 days. Only counted 18<sup>th</sup> with 10 birds.

**Nordmann's Greenshank** Fläckgluttsnäppa *Tringa guttifer* One on 11<sup>th</sup> and one on 16<sup>th</sup>, possibly the same individual. Three rested together with a Common Greenshank on 17<sup>th</sup>. All observations were made on the south-western mudflats and the birds were seen well. We had not expected to see this species. The Finnish group also managed to see one individual. The only known previous record on the island is from spring 1993. Maybe the species is easily overlooked.

**Green Sandpiper** Skogssnäppa *Tringa ochropus* Singles seen on 9 days.

**Wood Sandpiper** Grönbena *Tringa glareola* Recorded every day on the island.

**Terek Sandpiper** Tereksnäppa *Xenus cinereus* No big numbers noted. Highest were 50 18<sup>th</sup>. Seen almost every day with 5-10, up to 25 birds.

**Common Sandpiper** Drillsnäppa *Actitis hypoleucos* On the island one 7<sup>th</sup> and 17<sup>th</sup>. On the mainland three 16<sup>th</sup>.

**Ruddy Turnstone** Roskarl *Arenaria interpres interpres* Only three records. One 10<sup>th</sup>, five 11<sup>th</sup> and four 17<sup>th</sup>.

**Relict Gull** Reliktmåsar *Larus relictus* On 11<sup>th</sup> we saw 2-3 birds in the southwest. 14<sup>th</sup> there were 13 birds, all second year birds (one with more black on the head). 17<sup>th</sup> five were seen and on 18<sup>th</sup> four.

**Saunders's Gull** Mingmåsar *Larus saundersi* Seen every day on the island. A maximum of more than 100 on 10<sup>th</sup>.

**Black-headed Gull** Skratmåsar *Larus ridibundus* Seen every day in small numbers. In the end of our visit there were some "migrating" birds in the evenings.

**Black-tailed Gull** Svartstjärtad måsar *Larus crassirostris* Up to 25 birds were seen 17-18<sup>th</sup>. Singles on the other days and 20 birds 10<sup>th</sup>.

**Herring Gull** Gråtrut *Larus argentatus mongolicus/vegae* Six birds were seen. One 8<sup>th</sup>, two 9<sup>th</sup>, one 10<sup>th</sup> and two 12<sup>th</sup>.

**Gull-billed Tern** Sandtärna *Sterna nilotica affinis/nilotica* Common, 10-75 birds seen daily.

**Caspian Tern** Skräntärna *Sterna caspia* One 11<sup>th</sup> and two 14<sup>th</sup>.

**Common Tern** Fisktärna *Sterna hirundo longipennis* Seen every day in small numbers. Maximum of 25 17<sup>th</sup> and 20 11<sup>th</sup>.

**Little Tern** Småtärna *Sterna albifrons sinensis* Fairly common, seen all days.

**Whiskered Tern** Skäggtärna *Chlidonias hybridus hybridus* No heavy migration during our stay on the island. On 8<sup>th</sup> 18 and 9<sup>th</sup> 35 birds. Singles 10<sup>th</sup>, 18<sup>th</sup> and two 19<sup>th</sup>. On mainland we saw one 16<sup>th</sup>.

**White-winged Tern** Vitvingad tärna *Chlidonias leucopterus* One 10<sup>th</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup>. The only migrating flock on the island was 20 19<sup>th</sup>. On the mainland trip 22 were seen 16<sup>th</sup>.

**Domestic Dove** Tamduva *Columba livia* (domest.) Singles were seen on the island. Common on the mainland.

**Rufous Turtle Dove** Större turturduva *Streptopelia orientalis orientalis* No heavy migration during our stay on the island. Highest number was 50 18<sup>th</sup>. Seen almost every day in small numbers, the exception was on 18<sup>th</sup> when flocks were resting.

**Large Hawk Cuckoo** Större hökgök *Hierococcyx sparverioides* One 8<sup>th</sup> and one 13<sup>th</sup>. At Badaling 20<sup>th</sup> at least five calling birds were observed.

**Indian Cuckoo** Indisk gök *Cuculus micropterus* One 7<sup>th</sup> and one 19<sup>th</sup> on the island. In Beijing one 19<sup>th</sup> and one at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Common Cuckoo** Gök *Cuculus canorus canorus* Observed on 8 days on the island. Singles all days except 17<sup>th</sup> when two were seen.

**Oriental Cuckoo** Taigagök *Cuculus saturatus horsfieldi* 9 birds in four days. Five 18<sup>th</sup>. Also seen at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup>. A total of only 10 birds during our visit to China is a rather small number.

**Lesser Cuckoo** Smågök *Cuculus poliocephalus* One bird seen well on the island 12<sup>th</sup>.

**Oriental Scops Owl** Orientalisk dvärguv *Otus sunia* Recorded 6 days with one or two birds seen and heard.

**Brown Hawk Owl** Brun spökuggla *Ninox scutulata* One 11<sup>th</sup> and one 15<sup>th</sup>.

**Grey Nightjar** Orientnattskärre *Caprimulgus indicus* Two to three birds 7<sup>th</sup>. Two 9<sup>th</sup>. Also one all days in the period 13<sup>th</sup>-19<sup>th</sup>. A total of 12 birds.

**White-throated Needletail** Taggstjärtseglare *Hirundapus caudacutus* Only three. One 8<sup>th</sup>, one 13<sup>th</sup> and one 14<sup>th</sup>.

**Common Swift** Tornseglare *Apus apus pекinensis* Only recorded in Beijing. Ten 6<sup>th</sup> and over 50 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Pacific Swift** Orientseglare *Apus pacificus* 25 birds on 6 days. Highest number on 8<sup>th</sup> with 10 birds.

**Black-capped Kingfisher** Svarthuvad kungsfiskare *Halcyon pileata* One 12<sup>th</sup>, 13<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Common Kingfisher** Kungsfiskare *Alcedo atthis bengalensis* Recorded on 8 days on the island, 1-2 birds involved. Also seen on the mainland 16<sup>th</sup>.

**Dollarbird** Rödnäbbad blåkråka *Eurystomus orientalis* One 14<sup>th</sup>.

**Eurasian Hoopoe** Härfågel *Upupa epops saturata* Seen on 8 days. Often two birds involved.

**Eurasian Wryneck** Göktyta *Jynx torquilla chinensis* Six birds on 5 days.

**Grey-headed Woodpecker** Gråspett *Picus canus jessoensis* Only observed on the mainland 16<sup>th</sup> and at Beijing.

**Great Spotted Woodpecker** Större hackspett *Dendrocopos major brevirostris* One on the mainland 16<sup>th</sup> and one at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Rufous-bellied Woodpecker** Rostbukspett *Dendrocopos hyperythrus* Seen on 11 days. On 7<sup>th</sup> five birds. The other days 1-2 birds.

**Asian Short-toed Lark** Dvärglärka *Calandrella rufescens cheleensis* Breeding birds on the island foremost in the north-western part of the island. A few individuals observed every day.

**Sand Martin** Backsvala *Riparia riparia diluta/ijimae* On the island only two observations. Two 8<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup>. On the mainland one 16<sup>th</sup>.

**Barn Swallow** Ladusvala *Hirundo rustica gutturalis* Common.

**Red-rumped Swallow** Rostgumpssvala *Hirundo daurica japonica* Common.

**Richard's Pipit** Större pipilärka *Anthus richardi ussuriensis/sinensis/dauricus*  
Migrating birds:

7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
25-30	7-8	15	6	10	10	15	5	5	10	8	5	10

**Blyth's Pipit** Mongolpipilärka *Anthus godlewskii*  
Migrating birds:

7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	1	0	2	0	3

**Olive-backed Pipit** Sibirisk pipilärka *Anthus hodgsoni yunnanensis*  
Migrating birds:

6.5	7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
3	>40	>20	>20	>20	>20	30	20	10	10	5	5	5	20

**Pechora Pipit** Tundrapipilärka *Anthus gustavi gustavi/menzbieri* Only one 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Red-throated Pipit** Rödstrupig pipilärka *Anthus cervinus* Two 7<sup>th</sup>, one 8<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup>. Three 10<sup>th</sup> and one 13<sup>th</sup>.

**Forest Wagtail** Trädärkla *Dendronanthus indicus* The first observation 13<sup>th</sup> with two birds, seen daily after that with 1-4 birds.

**Yellow Wagtail** Gulärkla *Motacilla flava* Seen every day on the island. Due to the lack of good resting habitats very few were seen under good conditions. One *macronyx* on 14<sup>th</sup> and one *plexa* on 7<sup>th</sup> were the only subspecies identified.

**Grey Wagtail** Forsärla *Motacilla cinerea robusta*

Migrating birds:

7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
1	2	1	1	3	2	5	5	3	0	1	0	2

One bird also seen at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup>.

**White Wagtail** Sädesärla *Motacilla alba* Recorded on 7 days 1-2 birds. None was seen well making subspecific identification possible.

**Ashy Minivet** Grå minivett *Pericrocotus divaricatus* Good numbers with observations on 5 days. One 9<sup>th</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup>. 1-3 birds 13<sup>th</sup> and one 15<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup>.

**Chinese Bulbul** Kinabulbyl *Pycnonotus sinensis* Seen every day. The maximum was 20 8<sup>th</sup>.

**Rufous-tailed Robin** Drillnäktergal *Luscinia sibilans* One 9<sup>th</sup>. Two 13-14<sup>th</sup> probably the same. One 16<sup>th</sup> and 17<sup>th</sup>. During the fall 18<sup>th</sup> five birds were recorded. On 19<sup>th</sup> still one left.

**Siberian Rubythroat** Rubinnäktergal *Luscinia calliope*

Counted birds on the island:

7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
10-15	2	5	0	0	0	20	50	15	10	10	10	10

**Bluethroat** Blåhake *Luscinia svecica svecica* Observed on 10 days with 1-5 birds, except 9<sup>th</sup> when there were 20 birds involved.

**Siberian Blue Robin** Blånäktergal *Luscinia cyane*

Counted birds on the island:

7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
15	4-5	50	5	1	2	10	>100	25	15	15	15	10

**Red-flanked Bluetail** Blåstjärt *Tarsiger cyanurus cyanurus* Two on 7<sup>th</sup> and one on 8<sup>th</sup>. Also seen on 13<sup>th</sup>, a bird with a broken leg.

**Daurian Redstart** Svartryggad rödstjärt *Phoenicurus auroreus auroreus* One female 8<sup>th</sup>. Two 9<sup>th</sup>. One male 11<sup>th</sup>-15<sup>th</sup>. At Badaling, at least 10 singing males were seen on 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Common Stonechat** Svarthakad buskskvätta *Saxicola torquata stejnegeri*

Counted birds on the island:

6.5	7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
25	70	50	300	50	30	15	50	50	3	1	8	10	5

**Grey Bushchat** Grå buskskvätta *Saxicola ferrea* One female rested at the ditch west to the temple 7<sup>th</sup>-14<sup>th</sup>.

**White-throated Rock Thrush** Vitstrupig stentrast *Monticola gularis* Seen almost every day with one or two birds involved. The observations probably mostly concerned different birds. Five birds

were the highest number seen 17<sup>th</sup>.

**Blue Rock Thrush** Blåtrast *Monticola solitarius philippensis* One local pair at the temple during our stay. Some migrating birds were five 13<sup>th</sup>, ten 18<sup>th</sup>. and five 19<sup>th</sup>.

**White's Thrush** Guldtrast *Zoothera dauma aurea/toratugumi*

Counted birds on the island:

7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
8	1-2	20	2	0	1	5	2	1	0	3	20	2

**Siberian Thrush** Sibirisk trast *Zoothera sibirica* Recorded on nine days as follows: one male 7<sup>th</sup>, two male and one female 9<sup>th</sup>, one male 11<sup>th</sup>-13<sup>th</sup>. One male and one female 15<sup>th</sup>, one female 16<sup>th</sup>, three 17<sup>th</sup> and 1 male 18<sup>th</sup>. A total of 11-14 birds involved.

**Orange-headed Thrush** Orangehuvad trast *Zoothera citrina* This exclusive thrush was found on one of the small paths in the western part of the main groove near one of the ditches in the morning 19<sup>th</sup>. The bird was later mist-netted and photographed. The species is an uncommon breeder in southern China. The breeding area reaches in southern Anhui (subspecies *courtsisi*) north of Yangtze and will then reach the Palearctic region according to Inskipp et al (1996). According to others it is the first record in the Palearctic fauna region of this species!

In Fujian and Guangdong the subspecies *melli* breeds. It is probably a short-migrator. For the northernmost subspecies, *courtsisi*, it is not known if it is a migrator, but according to wing measurements it ought to be a migrator. Head and throat is brownish in *courtsisi* and head reddish in *melli* (Lars Larsson, pers. com.).

**Grey-backed Thrush** Gråryggad trast *Turdus hortulorum* Six 9<sup>th</sup> and 3 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Pale Thrush** Amurtrast *Turdus pallidus* One 7<sup>th</sup>, 8<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup>. Possibly one individual involved.

**Eye-browed Thrush** Gråhalsad trast *Turdus obscurus* Two birds were seen at our arrival on the island 6<sup>th</sup>.

Counted birds on the island:

6.5	7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
2	25-30	0	25	0	10	5	20	15	10	5	10	20	10

**Dusky Thrush** Bruntrast *Turdus naumanni* A total of 24 birds on 7 days. Maximum was ten 18<sup>th</sup> and 7 7<sup>th</sup>. Well seen birds were one *naumanni* and two *eunomus* 7<sup>th</sup>. One *naumanni* 9<sup>th</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup>.

**Chinese Thrush** Kinatrast *Turdus mupinensis* One 13<sup>th</sup>, 14<sup>th</sup> and 17<sup>th</sup>. Possibly one individual involved.

**Spotted Bush Warbler** Fläckig smygsångare *Bradypterus thoracicus thoracicus* One seen very well 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Asian Stubtail Warbler** Manchurisk stubbstjärt *Urosphena squameiceps* Only recorded at Badaling. 20 singing birds on 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Manchurian Bush Warbler** Japansk cettia *Cettia (diphone) canturians* One 10<sup>th</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup>. One singing bird 14<sup>th</sup> was very greyish and looked like a Garden Warbler on the back. Is it possible that

*canturians* male looks like the nominate sometimes? We also had a singing bird at Badaling on 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Fan-tailed Warbler** Grässångare *Cisticola juncidis tinnabulans* Common breeder on the island.

**Chinese Hill Warbler** Kinesisk snårsångare *Rhopophilus pekinensis* Five to 10 birds at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Lanceolated Warbler** Träksångare *Locustella lanceolata* A rather early bird 7<sup>th</sup> followed by two not until 13<sup>th</sup> and three 14<sup>th</sup>. Two 18<sup>th</sup> and at least 10 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Black-browed Reed Warbler** Svartbrynad rörsångare *Acrocephalus bistrigiceps* The first (five) arrived 9<sup>th</sup>. One 10<sup>th</sup>. Five 14<sup>th</sup>, 15<sup>th</sup> and 17<sup>th</sup>. At least 25 18<sup>th</sup> and 15 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Blunt-winged Warbler** Kortvingad sångare *Acrocephalus concinens* One well examined and photographed bird in the net 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Oriental Reed Warbler** Orientalisk trastsångare *Acrocephalus orientalis*  
Counted birds on the island:

7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
0	0	2	1	1	0	1	3	1	3	3	10	10

At the mainland there were at least 15 singing birds 16<sup>th</sup>.

**Thick-billed Warbler** Tjocknäbbad sångare *Acrocephalus aedon* 15 18<sup>th</sup> and 25 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Blyth's Leaf Warbler** Mindre kronsångare *Phylloscopus reguloides* One 13<sup>th</sup> and two 17<sup>th</sup>, 18<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup>. All probably different birds.

**Eastern Crowned Warbler** Östlig kronsångare *Phylloscopus coronatus* Recorded on 9 days. First one 7<sup>th</sup> and 1-2 9<sup>th</sup>. One on 11<sup>th</sup>. Ten birds 13<sup>th</sup> followed by one 14<sup>th</sup> and 2 15<sup>th</sup>. During the fall 18<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup> only one respectively three birds seen. At Badaling we heard at least 15 singing males 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Pale-legged Leaf Warbler** Drillsångare *Phylloscopus tenellipes* Observed on 7 days. One 10<sup>th</sup> followed by one 13<sup>th</sup>. Two 14<sup>th</sup> and a maximum of four 15<sup>th</sup>. One 16<sup>th</sup>, 17<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Two-barred Greenish Warbler** Östlig lundsångare *Phylloscopus trochiloides plumbeitarsus* Recorded on 7 days with 1-2 birds daily. Four 18<sup>th</sup> and five 19<sup>th</sup>. Common at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup> with >50 birds.

**Arctic Warbler** Nordsångare *Phylloscopus borealis borealis* Only recorded at the end of our visit. One bird 17<sup>th</sup> was the first, even though the Finnish group had observed it earlier. One 18<sup>th</sup> and two 19<sup>th</sup>. At least 25 birds seen at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Pallas's Warbler** Kungsfågelsångare *Phylloscopus proregulus proregulus* During the fall 7<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup> very common, Pallas's "everywhere". Recorded every day with one top in the beginning and one top in the end of our stay on the island.

**Chinese Leaf Warbler** Kinesisk sångare *Phylloscopus sichuanensis* One bird was found calling

12<sup>th</sup> and was seen well by many birders. One bird in a groove west of the harbour on the mainland was also found calling 16<sup>th</sup>. The third on our trip was a bird caught in the net 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Yellow-browed Warbler** Taigasångare *Phylloscopus inornatus* Appearance much as for Pallas's Warbler.

**Radde's Warbler** Videsångare *Phylloscopus schwarzi*

Counted birds on the island:

7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
30	5	50	5	1	5-10	30	20	10	25	20	200	50

**Yellow-streaked Warbler** Gulstreckad sångare *Phylloscopus armandii* Ten singing birds at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Dusky Warbler** Brunsångare *Phylloscopus fuscatus fuscatus*

Counted birds on the island:

7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
15	10	30	10	5-6	15	50	200	50	25	20	75	100

**Dark-sided Flycatcher** Sibirisk flugsnappare *Muscicapa sibirica* One 17<sup>th</sup>, two 18<sup>th</sup>, five 19<sup>th</sup>. At Badaling also five 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Grey-streaked Flycatcher** Streckad flugsnappare *Muscicapa griseisticta* Two 14<sup>th</sup>, one 15<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup>. Also one 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Asian Brown Flycatcher** Glasögonflugsnappare *Muscicapa dauurica*

Counted birds on the island:

7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
1	1	1	0	1	0	3	10	10	10	15	15	25

Also seen at Badaling with ten birds 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Red-throated Flycatcher** Mindre flugsnappare *Ficedula parva albicilla*

Counted birds on the island:

7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
10	>10	40	5	5	5	10	10	8	10	20	20	20

**Mugimaki Flycatcher** Mugimakiflugsnappare *Ficedula mugimaki* One 7<sup>th</sup>, one female 9<sup>th</sup>. Four male and three female 15<sup>th</sup>. Two 17<sup>th</sup> and one 18<sup>th</sup>. A total of 12 birds is a rather good number.

**Yellow-rumped Flycatcher** Vitbrynad narcissflugsnappare *Ficedula zanthopygia*

Counted birds on the island:

7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
3	1	3	0	0	1	3	2	2	2	2	5	5

Unusually many individuals, maximum of 39 birds on the island. Also seen at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup>, with 20 birds.

**Père David's Laughingthrush** Nordlig fnittertrast *Garrulax davidi* Five singing and seen birds at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Long-tailed Tit** Stjärtmes *Aegithalos caudatus vinaceus* Two at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Marsh Tit** Entita *Parus palustris hellmayri* Recorded at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Willow Tit** Talltita *Parus montanus stoetzneri* 20 at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup>

**Yellow-bellied Tit** Mandarinmes *Parus venustulus* One 8<sup>th</sup>, three 18<sup>th</sup> on the island. In Badaling ten birds were seen 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Great Tit** Talgoxe *Parus major minor* At least three at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Penduline Tit** Pungmes *Remiz pendulinus consobrinus*

Migrating birds:

7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
0	0	50	10	0	30	50	25	20	15	10	35	10

**Chestnut-flanked White-eye** Brunsidig glasögonfågel *Zosterops erythropleurus* In the flocks of unidentified White-eyes we found the following birds: one 7<sup>th</sup>, two 11<sup>th</sup>, five 14<sup>th</sup>, one 15<sup>th</sup>, 15 18<sup>th</sup> and five 19<sup>th</sup>. No Japanese White-eyes were identified during our visit to China despite careful checking.

**White-eye sp.** Obest. glasögonfågel *Zosterops sp.* 20-150 migrating birds daily.

**Black-naped Oriole** Svartnackad gylling *Oriolus chinensis* Seen on 9 days on the island with 1-3 birds. On 19<sup>th</sup> ten birds seen.

**Brown Shrike** Brun törnskata *Lanius cristatus*

Counted birds on the island:

6.5	7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
5	20-25	20	100	15	10	20	200	200	30	20	50	500	200

**Black Drongo** Svart drongo *Dicrurus macrocercus* One 18<sup>th</sup> and 4 19<sup>th</sup>. Also recorded at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup> with five birds.

**Hair-crested Drongo** Lyrdrongo *Dicrurus hottentottus* Three 11<sup>th</sup>, one 12<sup>th</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup>.

**Eurasian Jay** Nötskrika *Garrulus glandarius pekinensis* Two at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Blue Magpie** Rödnäbbad blåskata *Urocissa erythrorhyncha* Five at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Azure-winged Magpie** Blåskata *Cyanopica cyana interposita* Recorded at Beijing 6<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> and at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Eurasian Magpie** Skata *Pica pica sericea* Outside the Beijing-area and during transportation recorded on the island 8<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup> with one bird.



**Daurian Jackdaw** Klippkaja *Corvus dauuricus* Three on 13<sup>th</sup> flying south. One "light morph" and two dark.

**Large-billed Crow** Djungelkråka *Corvus macrorhynchos* Common at Beijing and at Badaling

**Daurian Starling** Amurstare *Sturnus sturninus*

Counted birds on the island:

7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
0	0	1	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	2	12	0

**White-cheeked Starling** Gråstare *Sturnus cineraceus* Two 8<sup>th</sup> and one 18<sup>th</sup>.

**Tree-Sparrow** Pilfink *Passer montanus saturatus* Common.

**Brambling** Bergfink *Fringilla montifringilla* One 12<sup>th</sup>.

**Oriental Greenfinch** Orientgrönfink *Carduelis sinica* Two 11<sup>th</sup> and one 12<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup>. At Badaling (Great Wall) we saw five 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Eurasian Siskin** Grönsiska *Carduelis spinus* One 9<sup>th</sup>.

**Common Crossbill** Mindre korsnäbb *Loxia curvirostra* Four 13<sup>th</sup>.

**Common Rosefinch** Rosenfink *Carpodacus erythrinus grebnitskii*

Counted birds on the island:

7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
5	3-4	10	5	10	10	10	10	12	15	15	20	50

**Chinese Grosbeak** Mindre maskstenknäck *Eophona migratoria* 1-5 birds on 11 days.

**Japanese Grosbeak** Större maskstenknäck *Eophona personata* One 13<sup>th</sup>, 15<sup>th</sup>, 17<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup>. Two 16<sup>th</sup>.

**Hawfinch** Stenknäck *Coccothraustes coccothraustes coccothraustes* 1-5 birds on 11 days.

**Black-faced Bunting** Gråhuvad sparv *Emberiza spodocephala* Seen every day. On 9<sup>th</sup> some migrating birds.

**Eastern Rock-Bunting** Mongolsparv *Emberiza godlewskii omissa* One on the island 8<sup>th</sup>. In Badaling at least 15 birds 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Meadow Bunting** Ängssparv *Emberiza cioides* Ten at Badaling 20<sup>th</sup>.

**Chestnut-eared Bunting** Rödkindad sparv *Emberiza fucata* 1-3 birds on 7 days on the island.

**Yellow-throated Bunting** Praktsparv *Emberiza elegans* One 9<sup>th</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup>. One pair 19<sup>th</sup>.

**Yellow-browed Bunting** Gulbrynad sparv *Emberiza chrysophrys*

Counted birds on the island:

7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
10	1	10	5	10	5	5	3	2	1	5	2	0

On 7<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup> we had a lot of "tic-sparrows" migrating. At least 7<sup>th</sup> these were probably mostly Yellow-browed.

### **Tristram's Bunting** Tristramsparv *Emberiza tristrami*

Counted birds on the island:

7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
6	15	10	3	0	4	0	1	3	2	1	0	3

**Little Bunting** Dvärgsparv *Emberiza pusilla* There was heavy migration on 7<sup>th</sup>, but also on 11<sup>th</sup>. Recorded every day in good numbers.

### **Chestnut Bunting** Rödbrun sparv *Emberiza rutila*

Counted birds on the island:

7.5	8.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5	16.5	17.5	18.5	19.5
0	2	1	3	10	5	10	2-3	20	1	2	5	2

On 11<sup>th</sup> and 15<sup>th</sup> probably a great part of the migrating "tic-sparrows" belonged to this species.

**Yellow-breasted Bunting** Gyllensparv *Emberiza aureola aureola/ornata* Seen every day with 1-10 birds. On 15<sup>th</sup> the majority of the migrating "tic-sparrows" were this species.

**Pallas's Reed Bunting** Dvärgsävsparrv *Emberiza pallasi* Two 7<sup>th</sup> and two 11<sup>th</sup> is a rather poor number.

**Japanese Reed Bunting** Amursävsparrv *Emberiza yessoensis* Five 7<sup>th</sup>, two 9<sup>th</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup>. Ten 11<sup>th</sup>. One 12<sup>th</sup> and 13<sup>th</sup>. Finally three 14<sup>th</sup>.

## ***Bird netted on Happy Island***

One purpose of our visit to Happy Island was to catch birds to take biometry, photo documentation and to collect samples for DNA analysis. We had Chinese permission to perform these investigations. We mainly caught birds during the last three days.

Almost 500 birds were examined. Following is a quick-list of the birds caught 9<sup>th</sup>-19<sup>th</sup>.

Japanese Sparrowhawk	1	Two-barred Greenish Warbler	4
Black-capped Kingfisher	1	Arctic Warbler	1
Olive-backed Pipit	1	Pallas's Warbler	66
Roufus-tailed Robin	1	Yellow-browed Warbler	60
Siberian Rubythroat	25	Radde's Warbler	80
Blue Robin	3	Dusky Warbler	64
Siberian Blue Robin	39	Brown Flycatcher	6
White-throated Thrush	2	Red-breasted Flycatcher	5

White's Thrush	15	Mugimaki Flycatcher	1
<b>Orange-headed Thrush</b>	<b>1</b>	Yellow-rumped Flycatcher	4
Grey-backed Thrush	2	Black-naped Oriole	1
Black-browed Reed Warbler	2	Brown Shrike	11
<b>Blunt-winged Warbler</b>	<b>1</b>	Black-faced Bunting	1
Thick-billed Warbler	5	Chestnut-eared Bunting	1
Eastern-crowned Warbler	4	Tristrams Bunting	2
Blyth's Leaf Warbler	2	Little Bunting	4
Chinese Leaf Warbler	1		

***Bo Petersson***